Rationale: The added wording clarifies that only the three types of research misconduct described in 7.2.2.3.2 will be addressed by the University Research Misconduct Policy. All other types of Research Misconduct will be addressed as any other type of Academic Misconduct.

7.2.2.3 Academic and Research Misconduct

The faculty bear the primary responsibility to the academic community, to the institution, and to each other for maintaining high standards of integrity in teaching, research, extension, administration, and scholarly activity. By virtue of their leadership positions in the university, faculty have a special obligation to support and maintain a climate of integrity. It is important to recognize that academic and research misconduct cannot be excused or wrongly protected under a claim of academic freedom.

Academic and research misconduct include any and all practices that seriously deviate from those commonly accepted in the academic community for teaching, research, extension, administration, professional practice and service.

Approved as revised by the Faculty Senate on 1/21/14; by the president on ; and the senior vice president and provost on .

7.2.2.3.1 Academic Misconduct

Examples of academic misconduct include the following:

- Plagiarism, the representation of another's work as one's own when it occurs other than in the course of research.
- Failure to follow required protocols in conducting research, such as adhering to procedures for the protection of human or animal subjects of research;
- Falsification of one's credentials
- Retaliation against persons who file claims of academic misconduct
- Falsification or intentional misrepresentations of truth in teaching.

Approved by the Faculty Senate on 3/6/2012; Approved by the president and provost on 4/10/2012.

Approved as revised by the Faculty Senate on 1/21/14; by the president on ; and the senior vice president and provost on .

7.2.2.3.2 Research Misconduct

Research misconduct, specifically as defined in federal regulations, consists of any of the following:

- Research misconduct means fabrication, falsification, or plagiarism in proposing, performing, or reviewing research or in reporting research results
- Plagiarism, the representation of another's work as one's own when it occurs in the course of research
- Ordering, advising or suggesting that subordinates engage in any practice constituting research misconduct.

At Iowa State University any other misconduct involving research will be treated as academic misconduct.

Research misconduct must depart significantly from accepted practices of the relevant research community and must be committed intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly. If a faculty member is alleged to have engaged in research misconduct, then the procedures set forth in the University's Research Misconduct Policy (see Policy Library) shall be followed unless determined otherwise by the University's Research Integrity Officer (RIO).

Approved as revised by the Faculty Senate on 1/21/14; by the president on ; and the senior vice president and provost on .